

Coral & Transport UDFs

Building Blocks of a Postmodern Data Warehouse

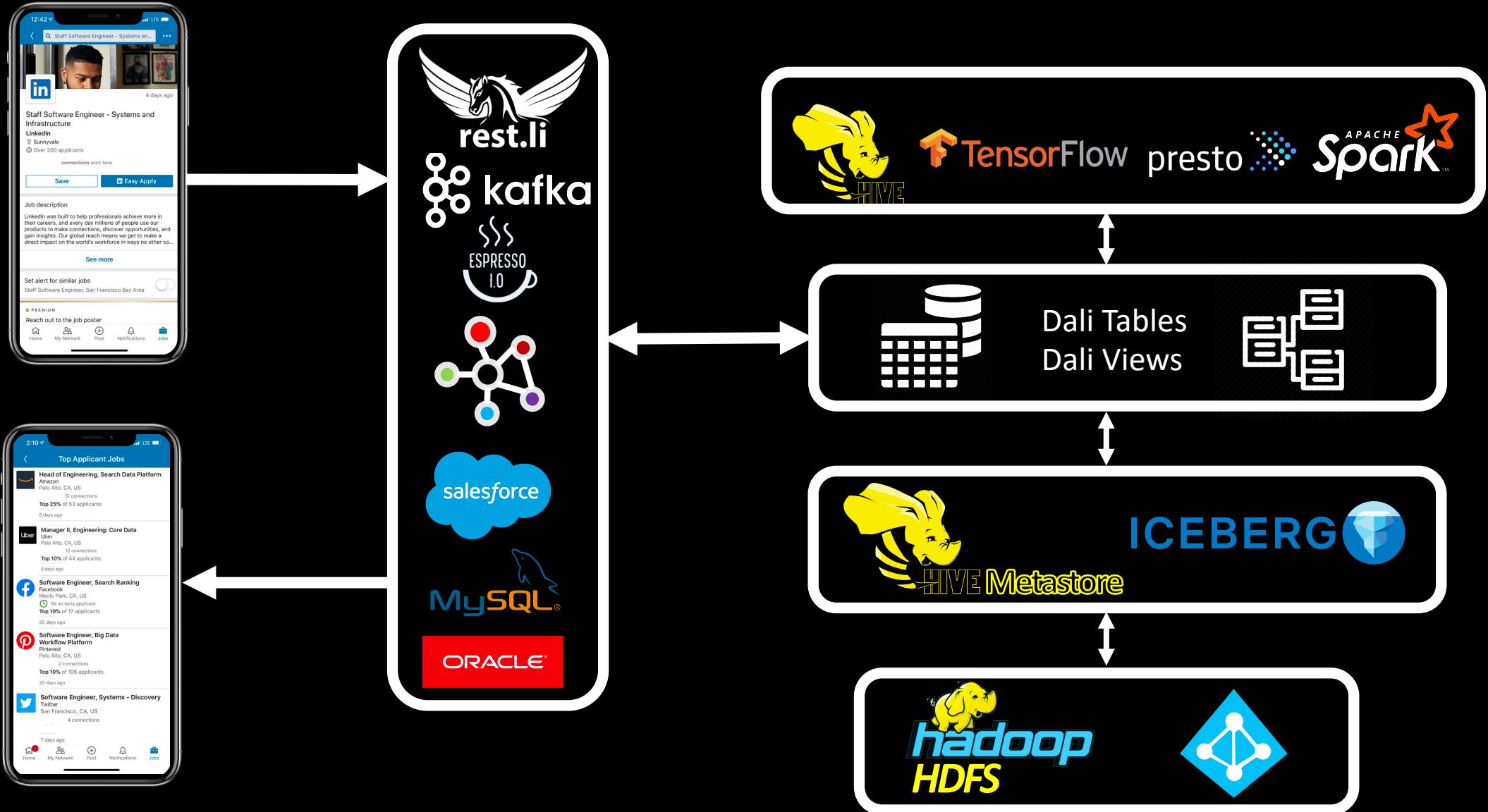
Walaa Eldin Moustafa



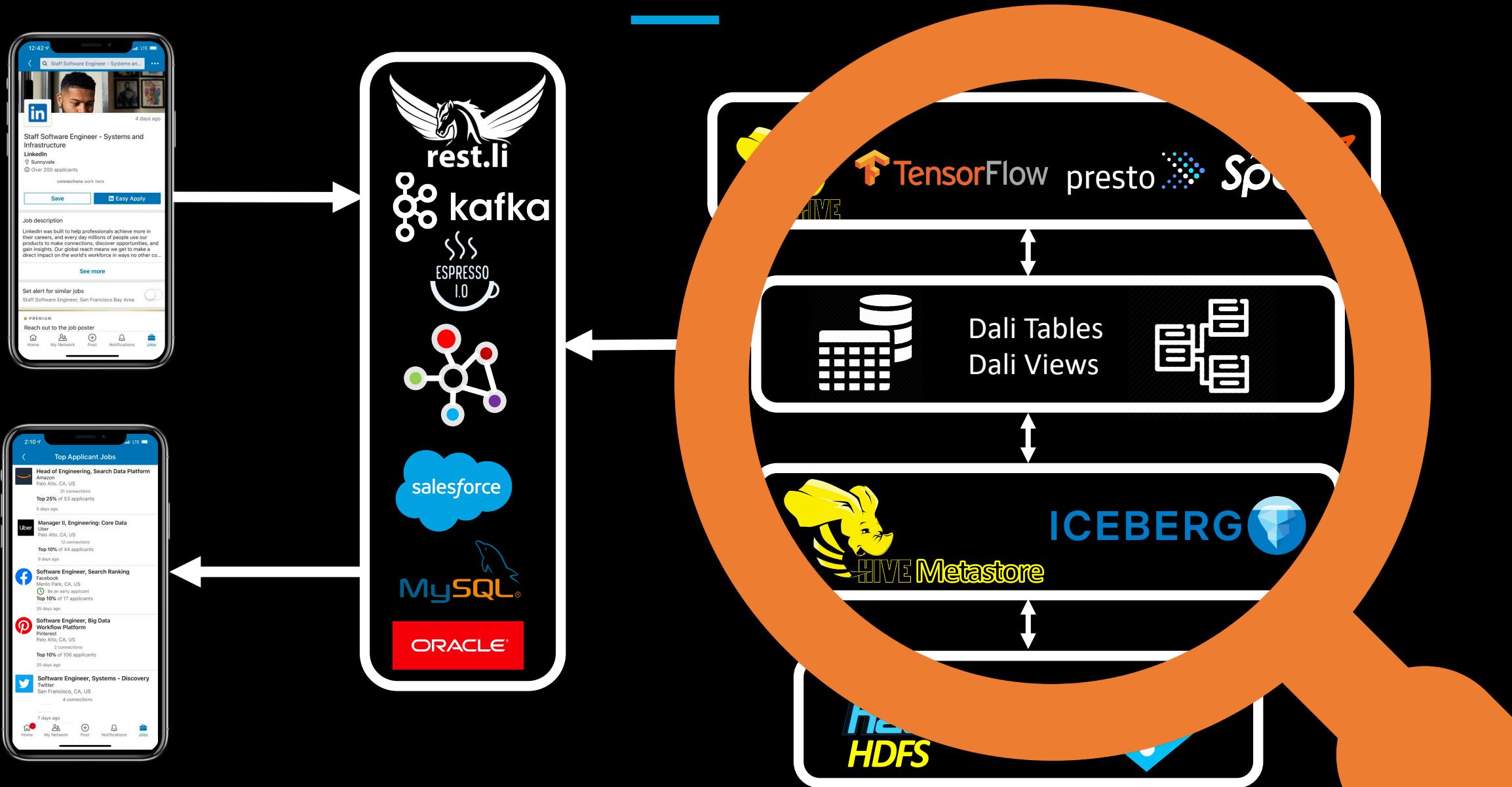
Staff Software Engineer @



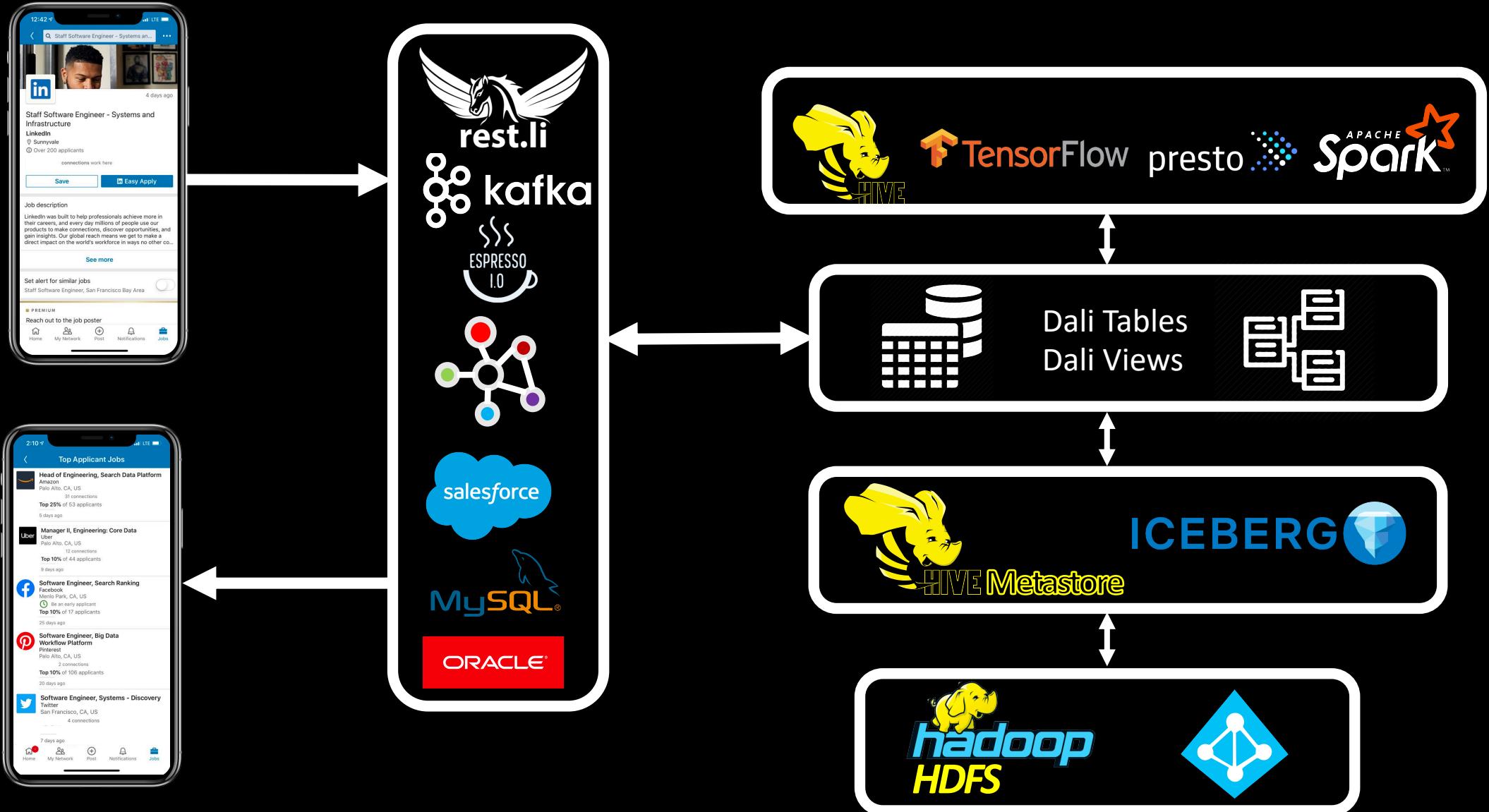
The lifecycle of a data application at LinkedIn [Simplified]



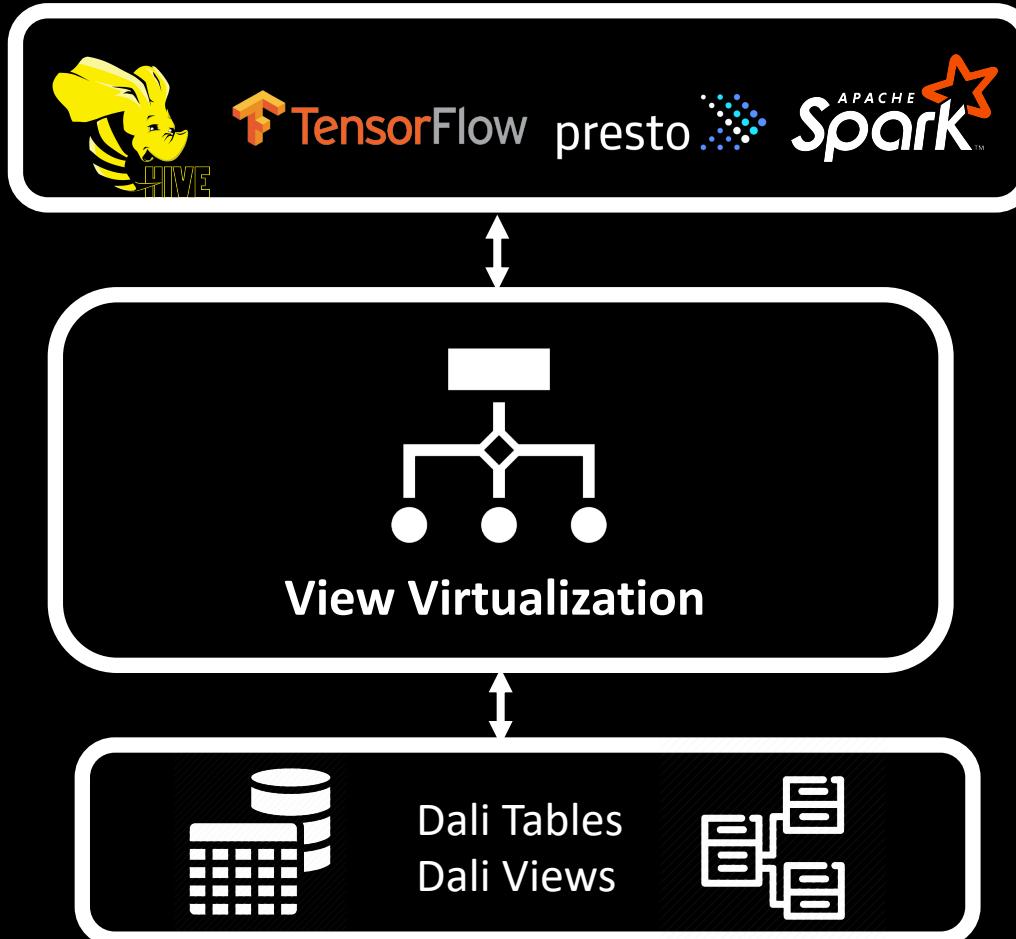
The lifecycle of a data application at LinkedIn [Simplified]



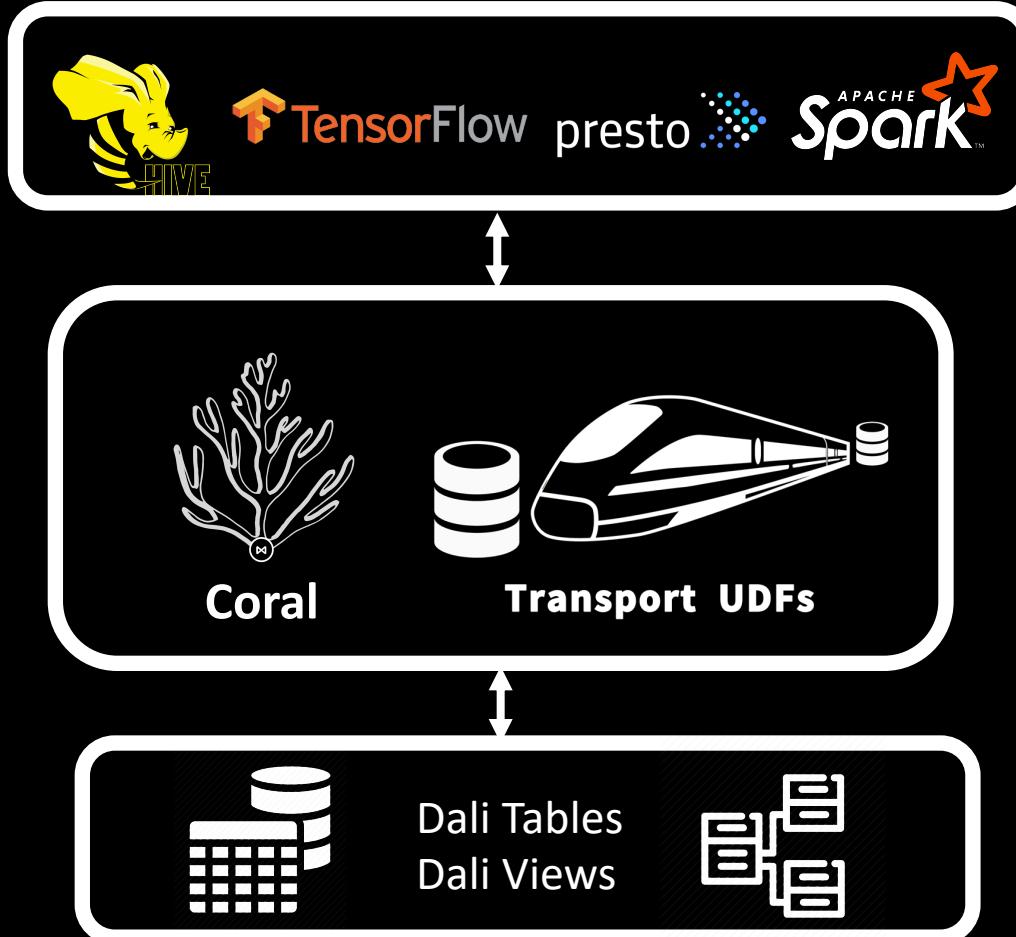
The lifecycle of a data application at LinkedIn [Simplified]



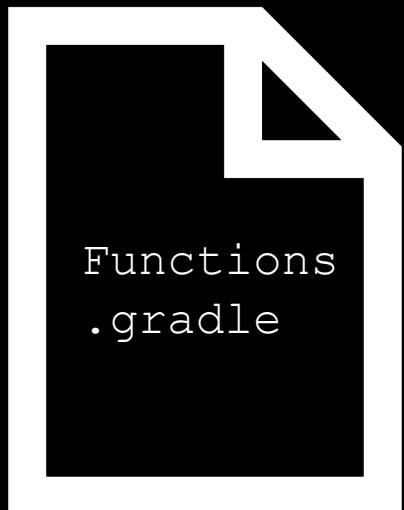
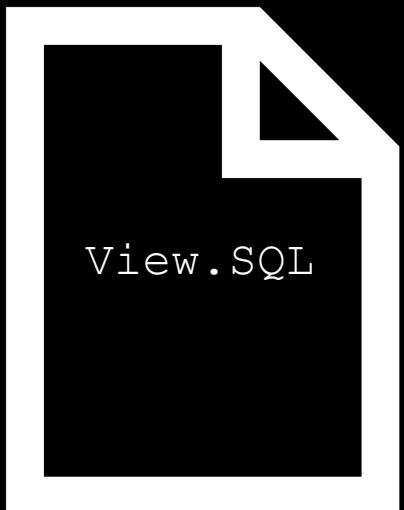
View Virtualization



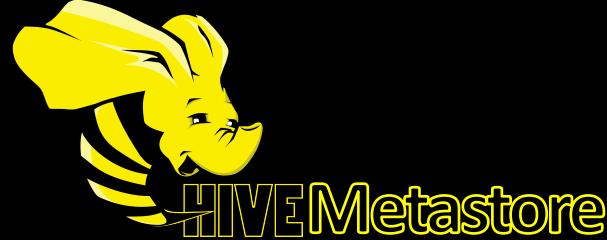
View Virtualization



Dali Views



- ✓ Code Review
- ✓ Test
- ✓ Publish
- ✓ Deploy

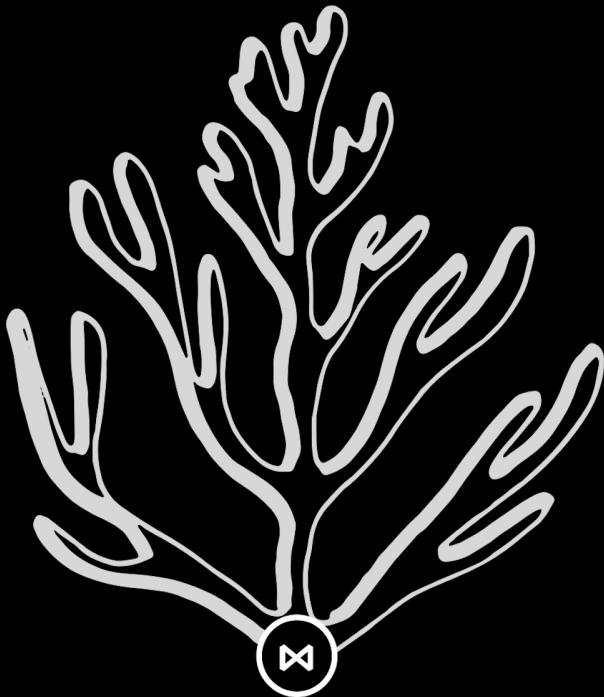


```
SELECT my_udf(c)
FROM R JOIN S JOIN T
WHERE date > today() - 5
AND date <= today()

TBLPROPERTIES (
  'functions' = 'my_udf:
com.linkedin.MyUDF',
  'dependencies' =
  'group:artifact:0.0.1')
```

SQL + UDFs

Coral



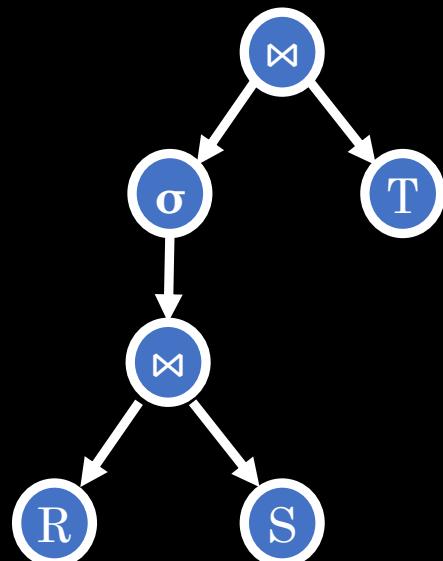
github.com/linkedin/coral

Coral

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SELECT my_udf(c)
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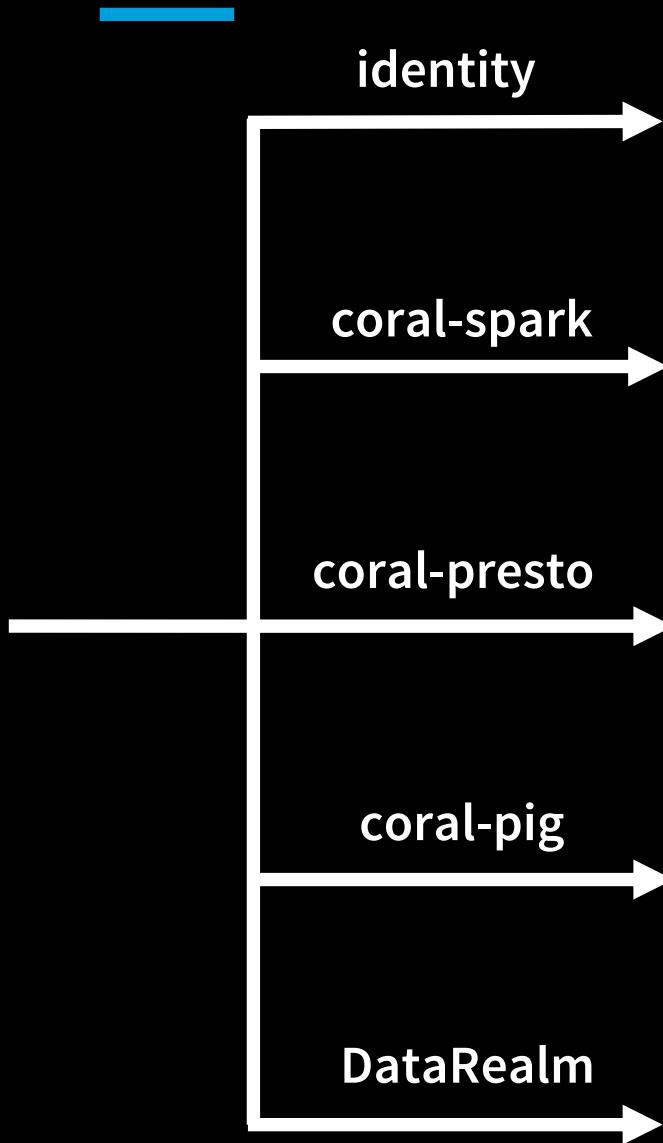
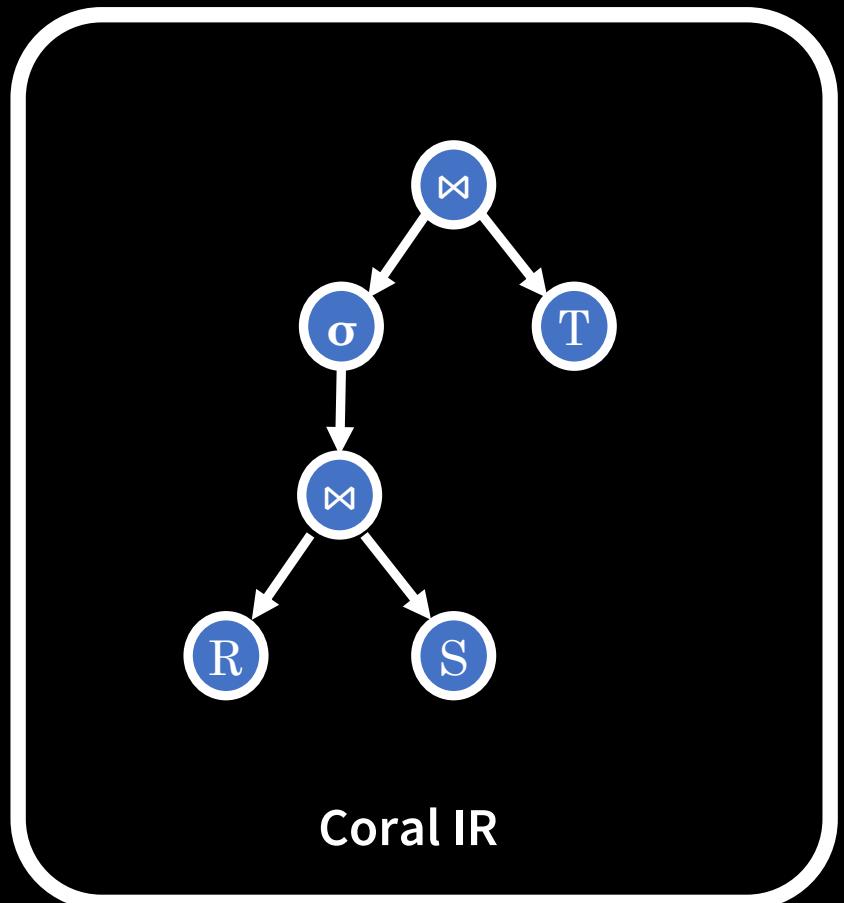
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coral-hive

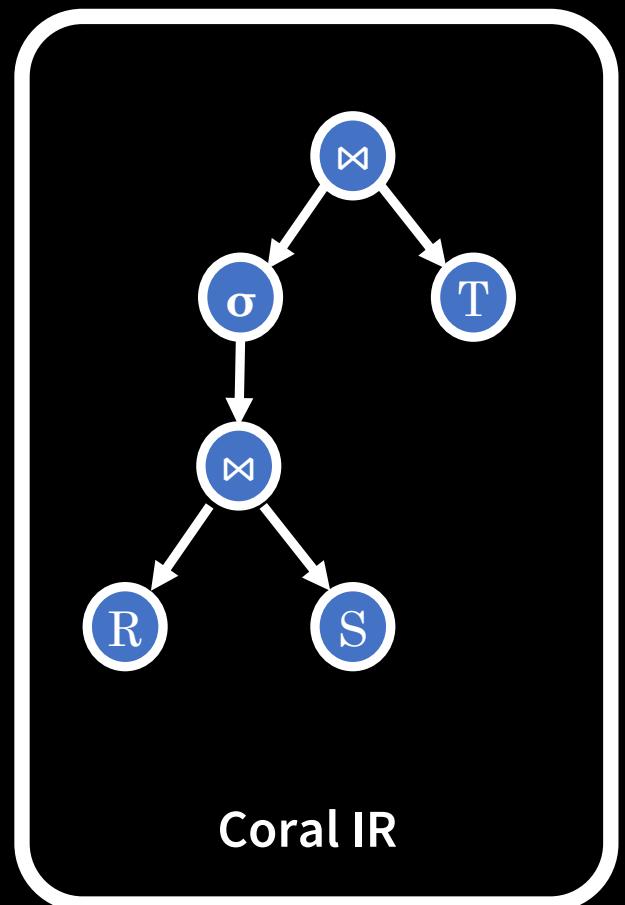


Coral IR

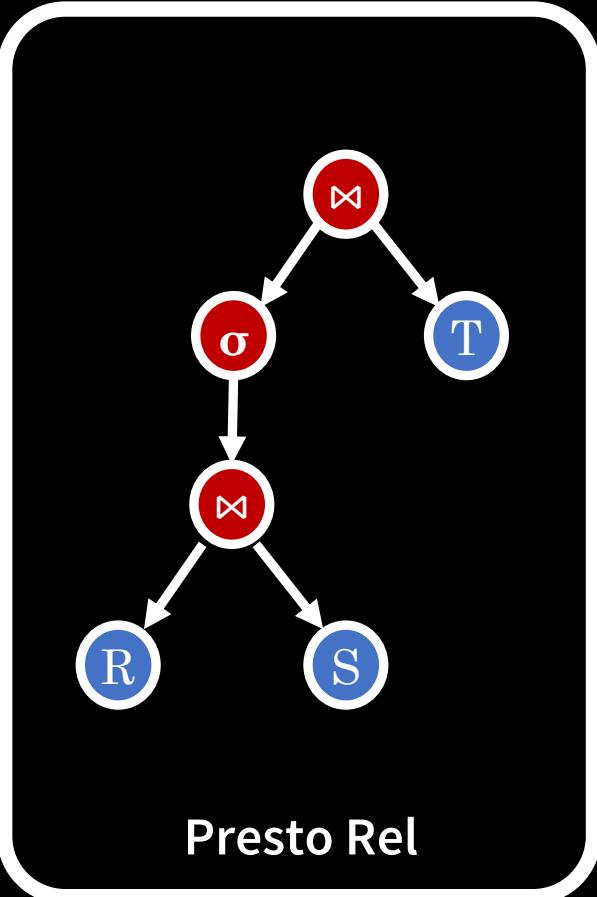
Coral



Coral-Presto



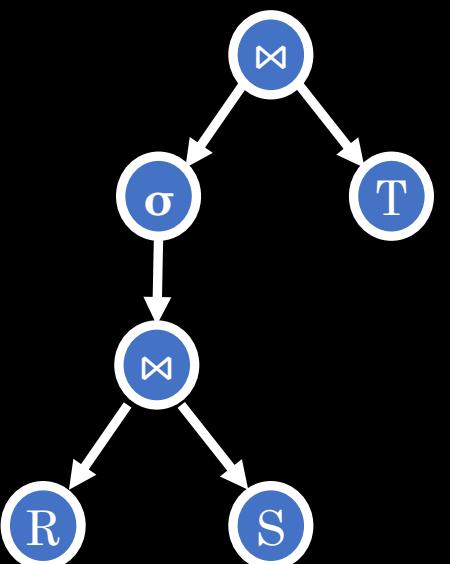
Coral IR



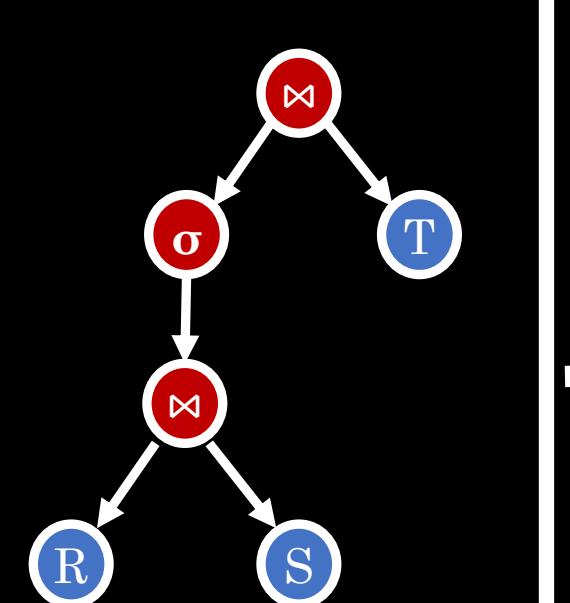
Presto Rel

```
SELECT presto_udf(c + 1)
FROM R JOIN S JOIN T
WHERE date > today() - 5
AND date <= today()
```

Coral-Pig



Coral IR



Pig Rel

R = LOAD "R"
S = LOAD "S"
T = LOAD "T"
RS = R JOIN S
RSF = FILTER RS BY ...
RSFT = RSF JOIN T

What does the future look like?



Flexible Language Interface

```
user {  
  name  
  address{}  
}
```

```
A = LOAD  
B = LOAD  
C = A  
JOIN B
```

```
d = load()  
.filter()  
.map()  
.count()
```

```
TwoHop  
(X,Y) :-  
E(X,Z),  
E(Z,Y).
```

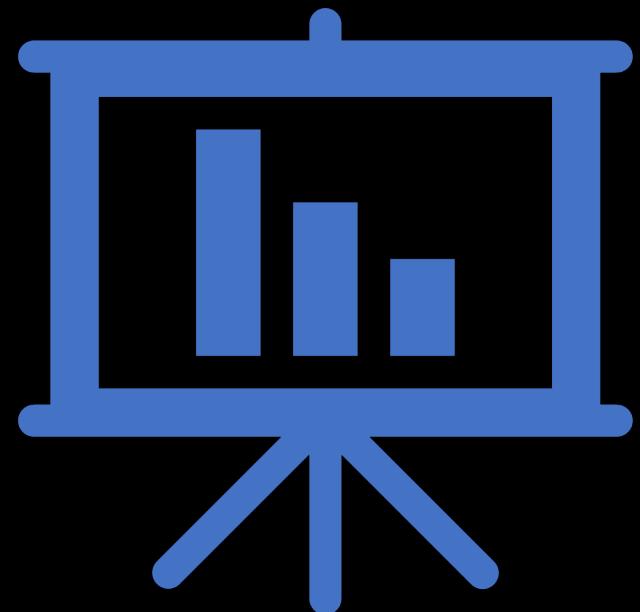
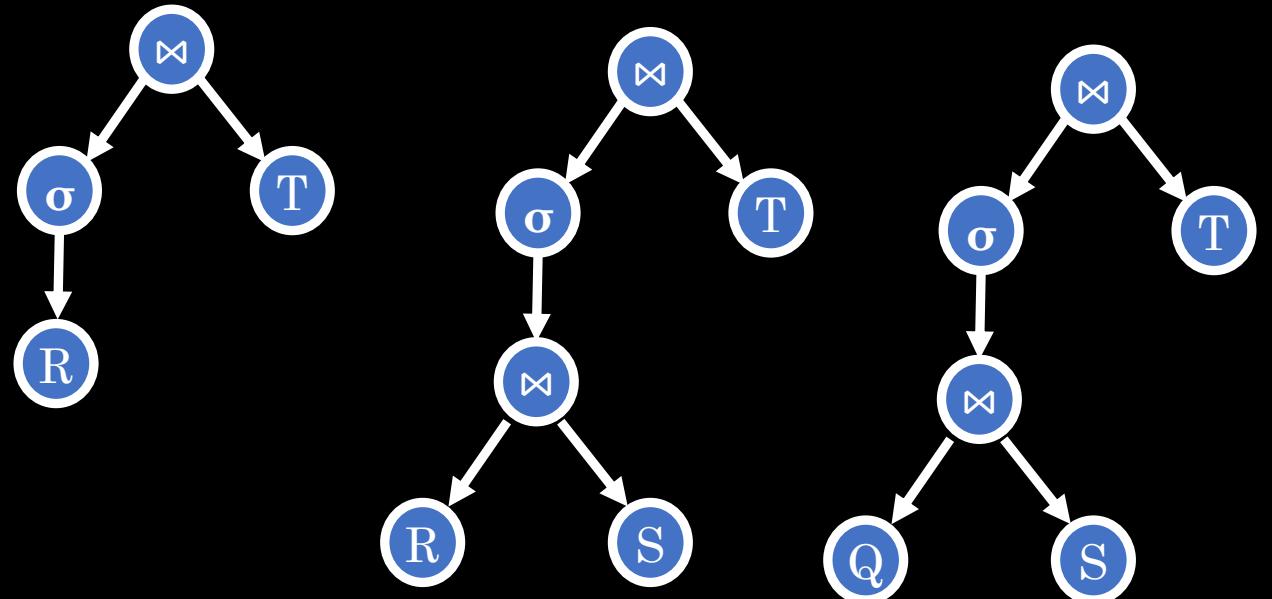
GraphQL

Pig Latin

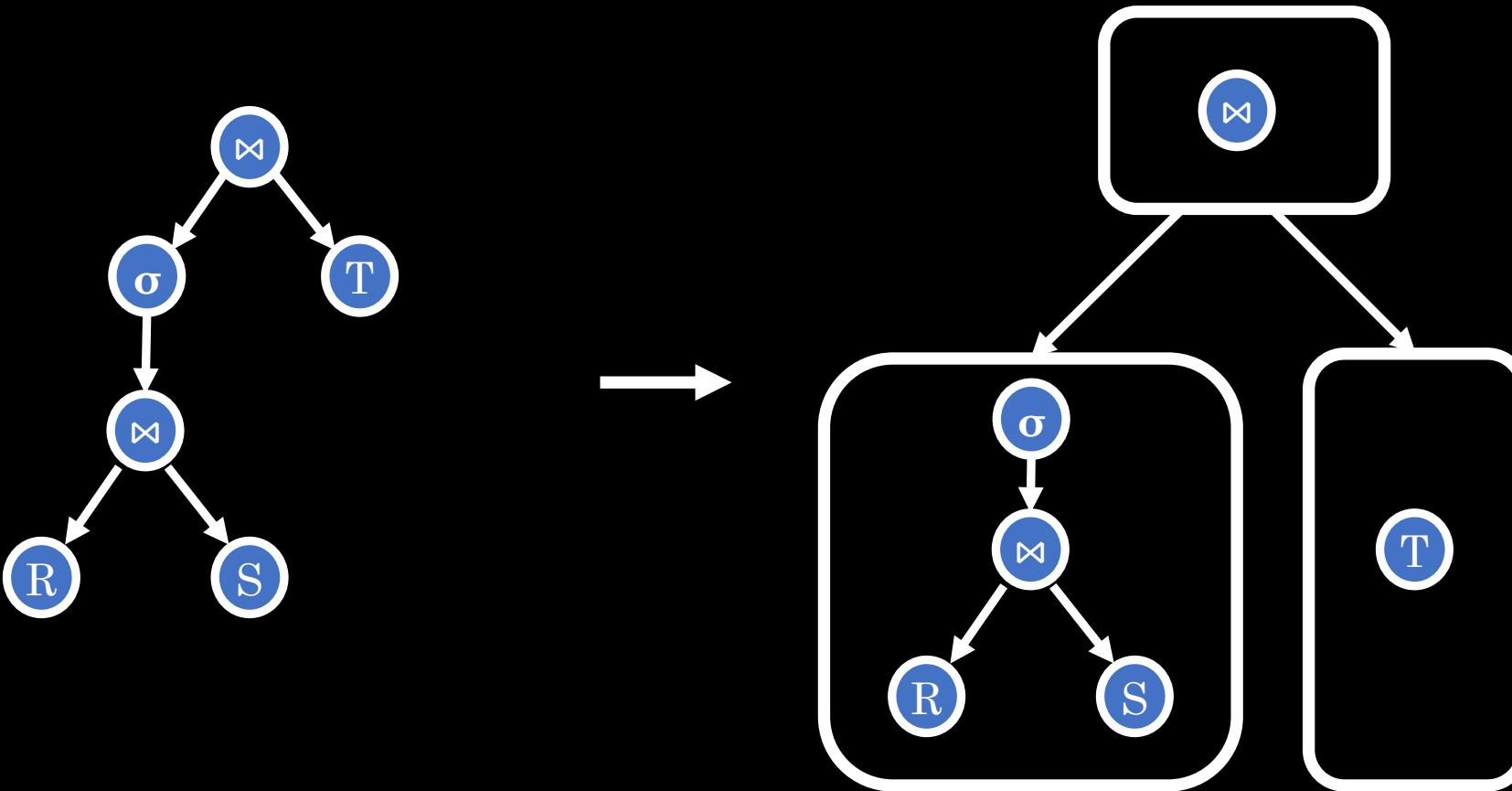
Dataflow

Datalog

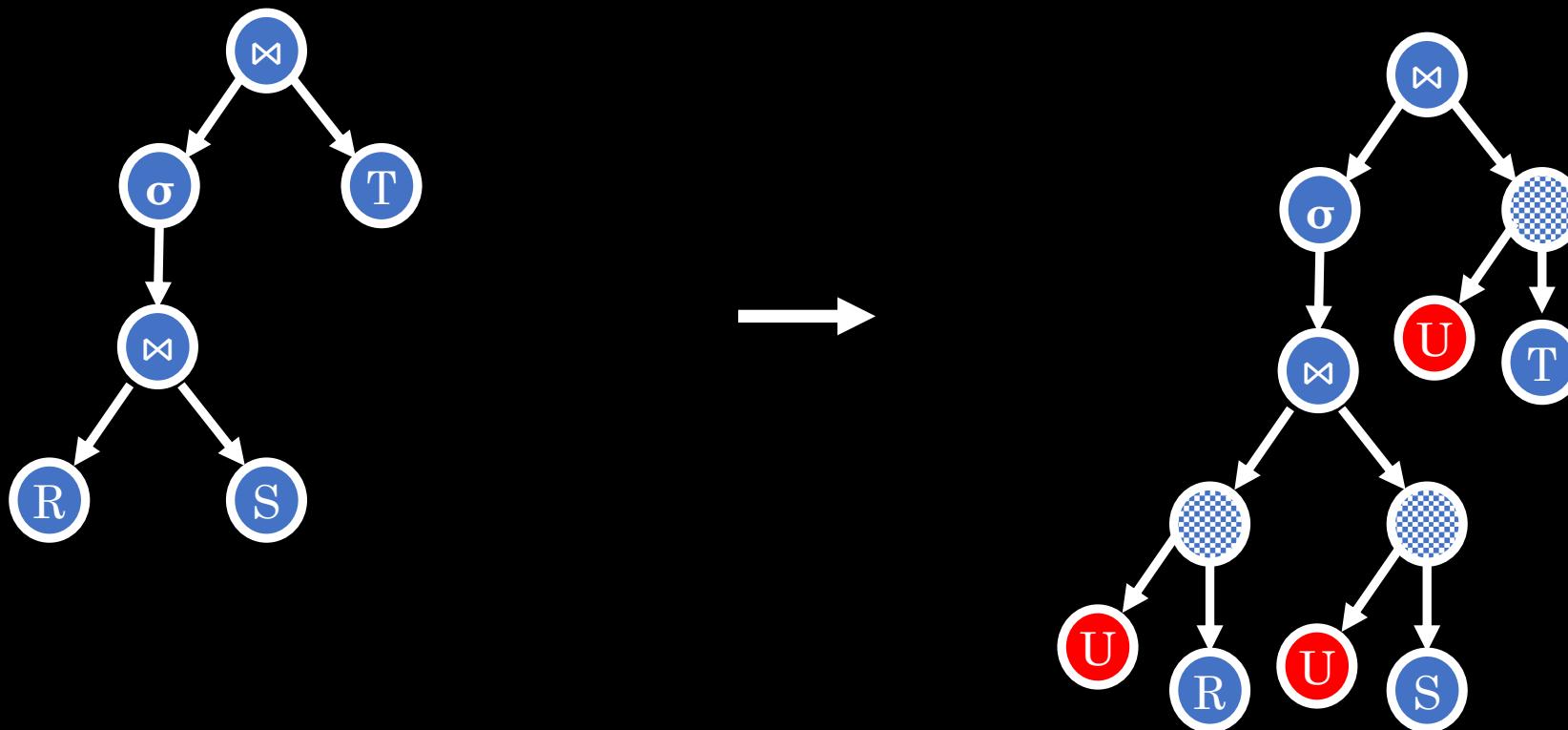
Workload Analytics



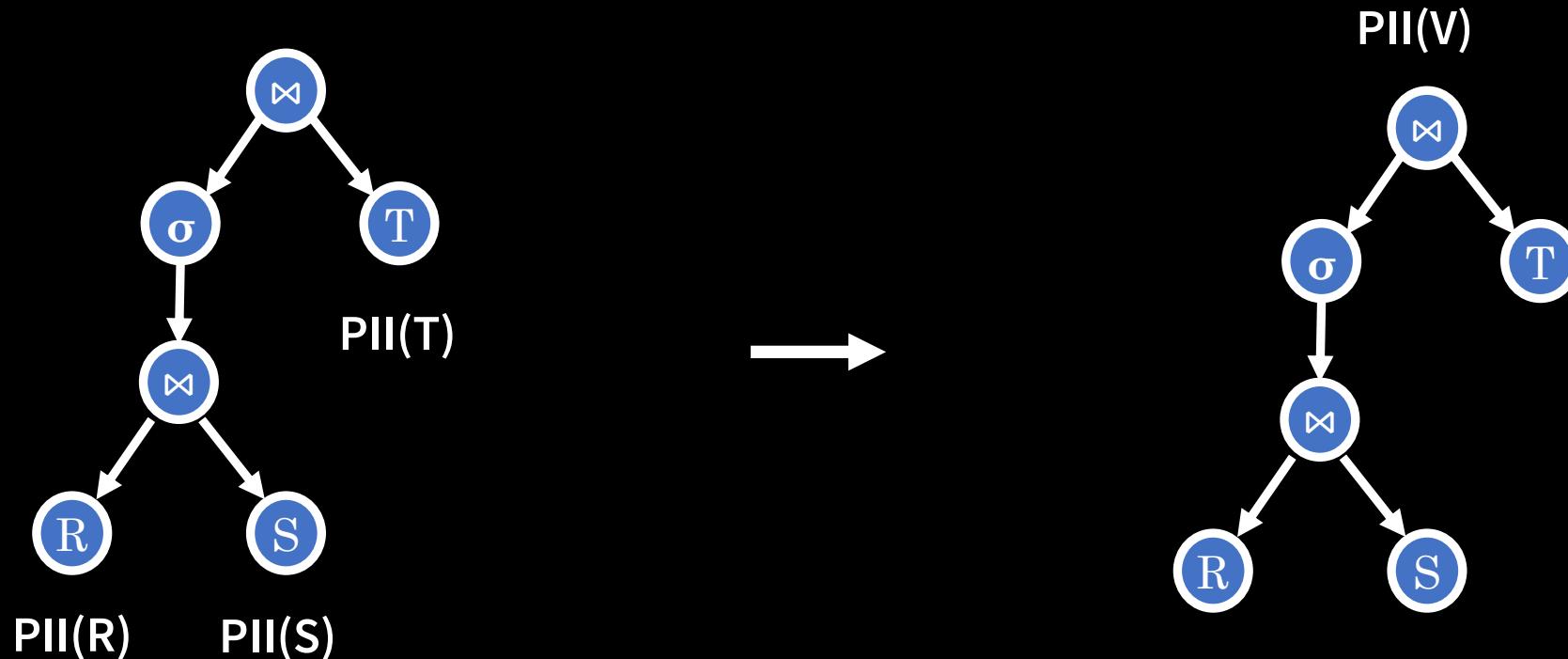
Materialized View Selection



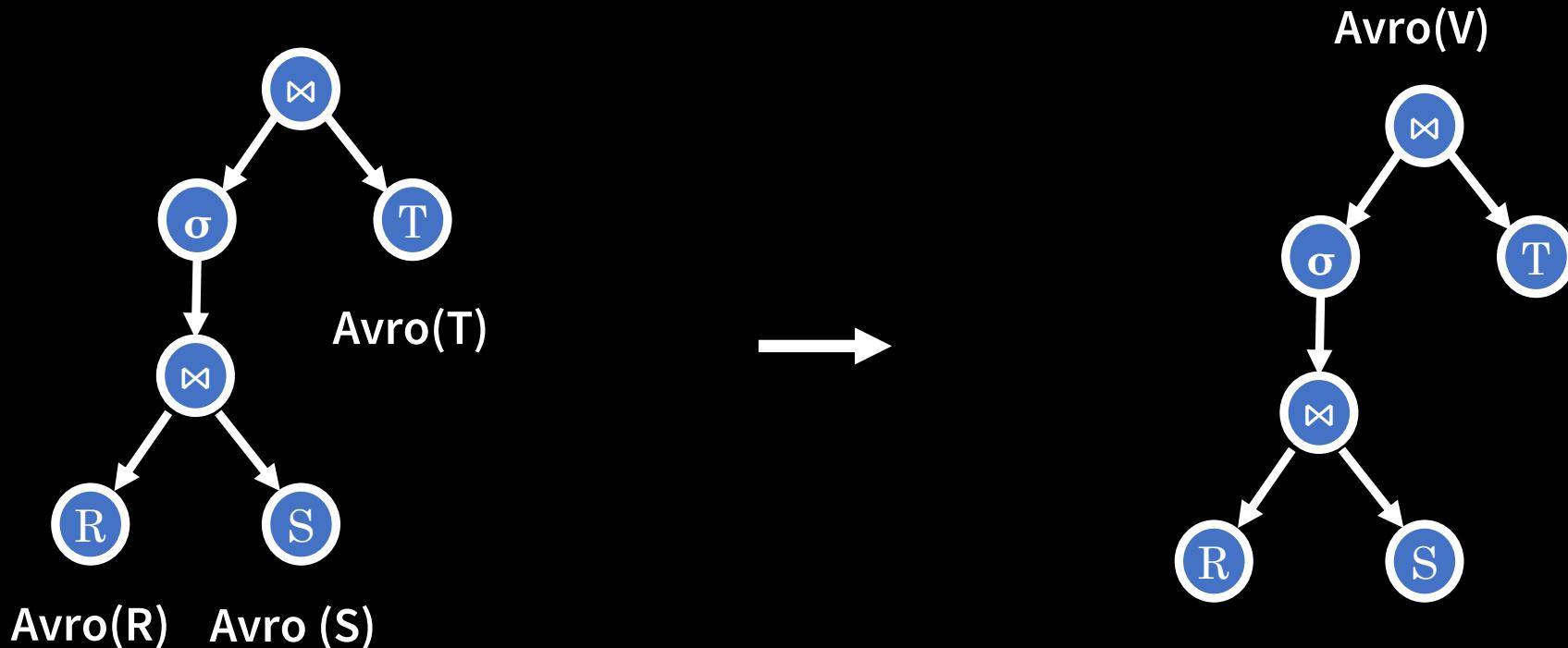
Data Governance



PII Lineage and Derivation



Format-specific View Schema Derivation



Transport UDFs: *Translatable Portable UDFs*

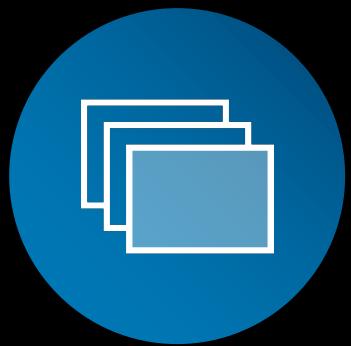


github.com/linkedin/transport

IR

- SQL has pretty well-understood IR: Relational Algebra
- Standard Operators
 - Scan, Filter, Project, Join, Group By, etc
- UDFs
 - Opaque
 - Use imperative language
 - Not portable or translatable

UDF Denormalization



Duplication

Multiple versions of the same UDF. Not clear which is the source of truth.



Inconsistency

Duplicate implementations can diverge causing data inconsistency



Low Productivity

Developers need to learn multiple APIs, implement same logic multiple times.



Low Performance

In some cases, use tuple conversion adapters to enable portability.

UDF APIs

- **API Complexity**
 - APIs expose low-level details of engines
 - Data types may not intuitively map to SQL type-system
- **API Disparity**
 - APIs differ in what to expect from developer
 - APIs differ in features they can provide

Transport UDFs

```
public class MapFromTwoArrays
    extends StdUDF2<StdArray, StdArray, StdMap> {

    @Override
    public List<String> getInputParameterSignatures() {
        return ImmutableList.of(
            "array(K)",
            "array(V)"
        );
    }

    @Override
    public String getOutputParameterSignature() {
        return "map(K,V)";
    }

    @Override
    public StdMap eval(StdArray a1, StdArray a2) {
        StdMap map = getStdFactory().createMap(
            getOutputParameterSignature());
        for (int i = 0; i < a1.size(); i++) {
            map.put(a1.get(i), a2.get(i));
        }
        return map;
    }
}
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Transport UDFs

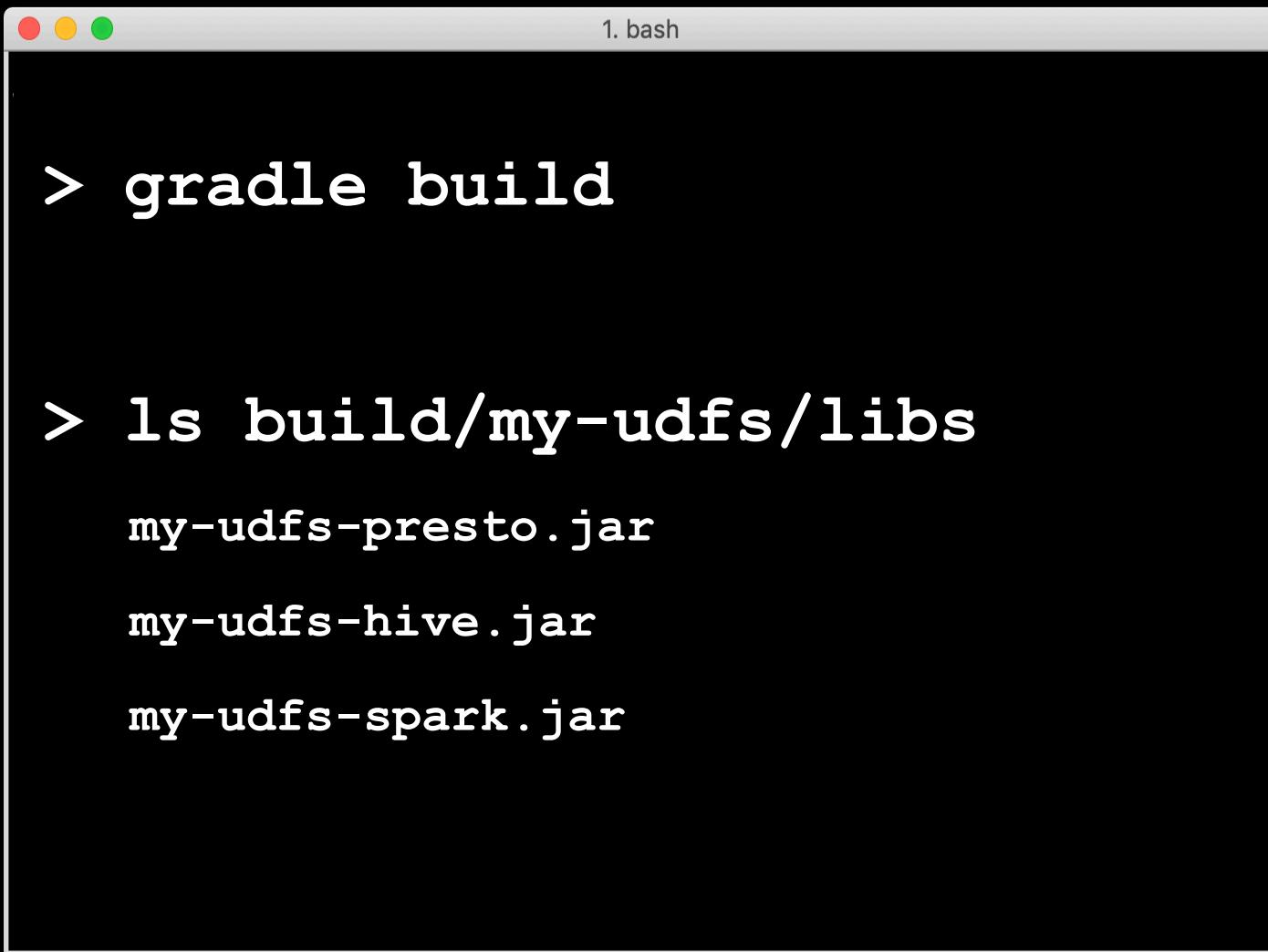
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```

Then What?

A screenshot of a terminal window titled "1. bash". The window has a dark background and white text. It displays two commands and their results. The first command is "gradle build", which is followed by a large blank space. The second command is "ls build/my-udfs/libs", which lists three JAR files: "my-udfs-presto.jar", "my-udfs-hive.jar", and "my-udfs-spark.jar".

```
> gradle build

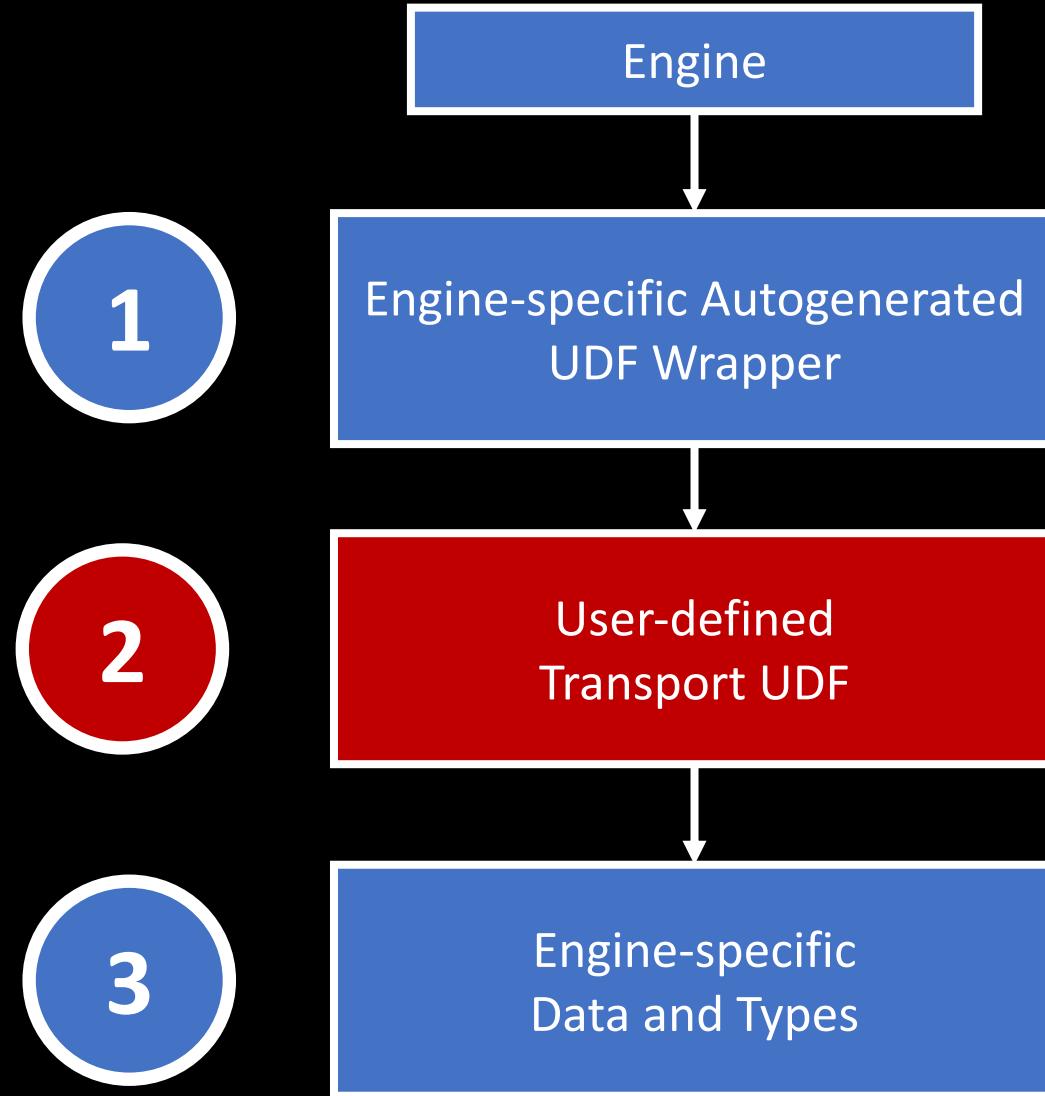
> ls build/my-udfs/libs

my-udfs-presto.jar

my-udfs-hive.jar

my-udfs-spark.jar
```

Architecture



Contributors

